



FP7 Project '**DIRAC**': Detection and identification of illicit drugs by IR absorption spectroscopy and gas chromatography

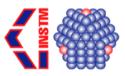
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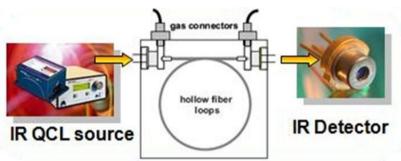






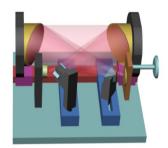
Introduction: The IR Hollow Fiber Advantage

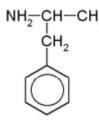




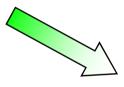
... **2 ppb** when vaporized in a 'standard' multi-pass cell (vol. ≈ 0,1 l)







3 ng of amphetamine correspond to a concentration of:





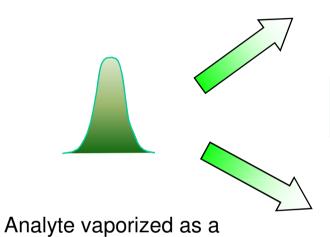
HF is an optical cell of very simple, cost effective, miniaturized design.

If we can neglect optical losses, HF provides higher sensitivity and lower LoD than standard cells of same optical path.

... **1ppm** when vaporized in a hollow fiber $\emptyset = 0.5$ mm, I = 1m (vol. $\approx 2 \times 10^{-4}$ I)

Hollow Fibers vs Light Pipes





small volume in a gas flow: **0.5 sccm, 1 s** (8 µl)

Short light-pipe $\emptyset = 0.5 \text{ mm}, I = 5 \text{ cm}$

Resident time ≈ 1.2 s

Same peak signal $A \propto 1/\mathcal{O}^2$

Very different time lapses available for spectral acquisition

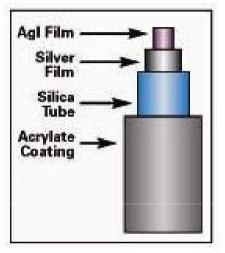
Resident time ≈ 47 s

Hollow Fiber $\emptyset = 0.5 \text{ mm}$; I = 2 m

Optical Losses in the fiber



HF from Polymicro Technologies



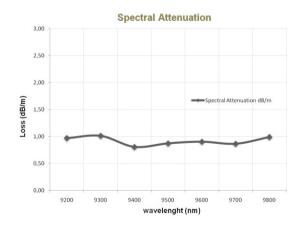
Measured straight losses ≤ 1 DB/m

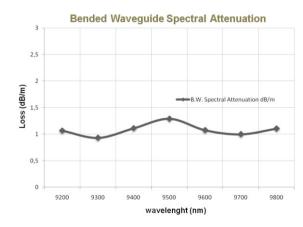
Measured bend losses (r = 45 cm) ≈ 1 DB/m

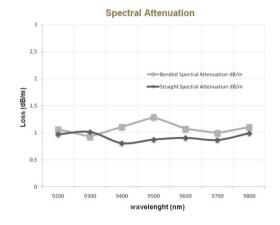
Coupling losses ≤ 10% / coupling

Temperature degradation: measured negligible at 130 $^{\circ}$ C over several days; negligible at 150 $^{\circ}$ C according to manufacturer

Problems arise over 150°C because of the acrylate coating







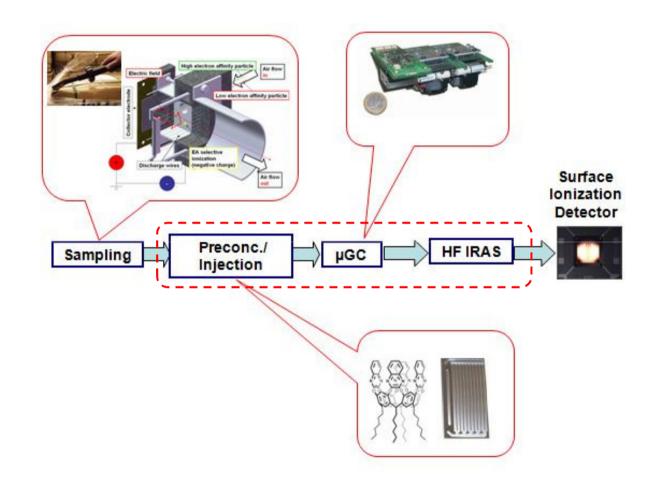


DIRAC objectives and sensor architecture



Complex system for the detection and id. of:

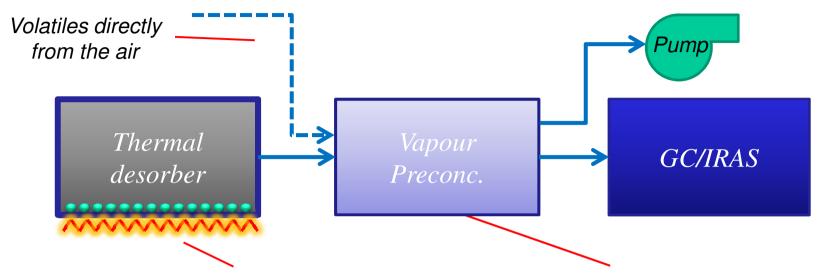
- -ATSs and precursors;
- Designer drugs (recognizes analogy with illicit drugs in the 'black list')
- (possibly) Natural drugs;
- as vapours, liquids, and solid particles (salts included);
- as traces and bulk. The system should have the size of a hand luggage.





Use of a pre-concentrator in DIRAC

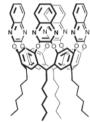




can load:

- -Volatile solids (particles), and liquids
- Non volatile **NH+ salts** that, dissolved in a basic solution, can be converted into a volatile free amine

Uses Qx cavitands (right) to selectively trap and preconcentrate vapours of aromatic compounds on a functionalized Si µ-machined column



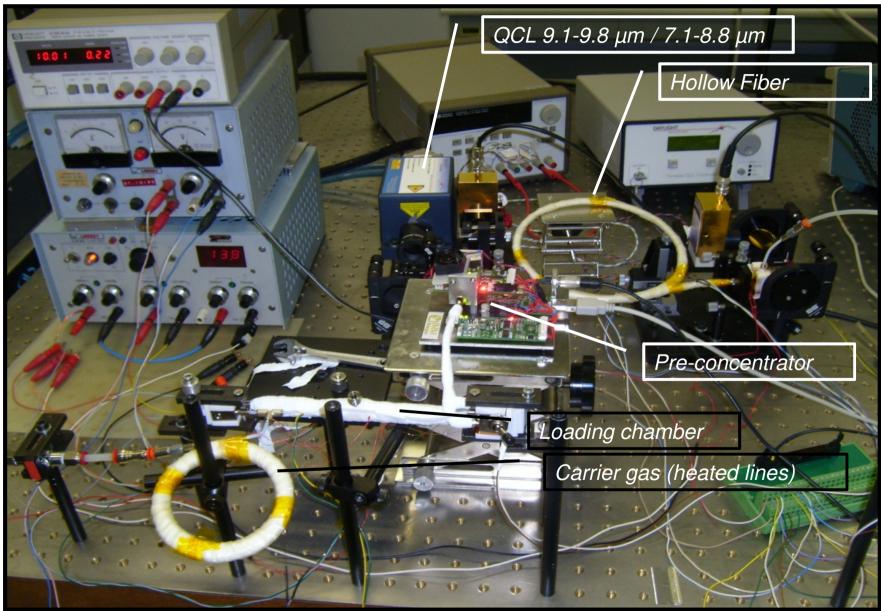
Operations sequence:

- 1) The loading chamber is heated up and vapours are sucked into the pre-concentrator at low temp. (charging step);
- 2) The pre-concentrator is heated up with a fast ramp to deliver the trapped vapours to GC/IRAS in a small volume (release step)



Pre-concentrator + HF-IRAS: set up

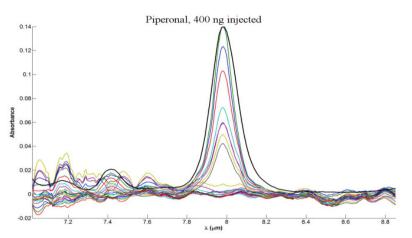




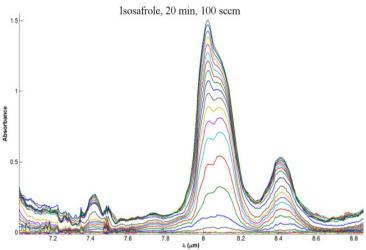


<u>Pre-concentrator + HF-IRAS: results</u>

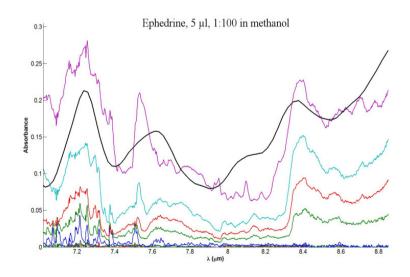




Piperonal, vaporized from solid grains



Isosafrole, sampled at room T from the headspace of a vessel containing a few μl



Ephedrine, vaporized in a solution 1:100 of methanol. No evidence of the presence of solvent in the spectrum.



GC + HF-IRAS: set up



Signal detector (CMT)

Laser source and ref. detector

HF phi = 0.5 mm I = 500 mm, with heating elements

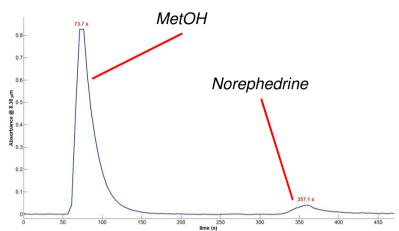
Injection port

Commercial GC; will be replaced by µGC on micromachined silicon

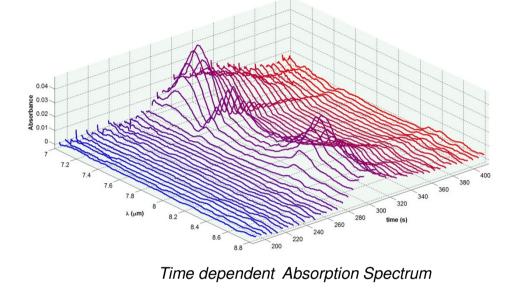


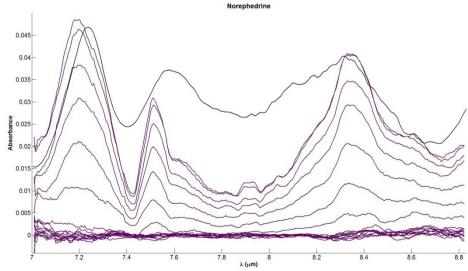
GC + HF-IRAS: norephedrine in methanol





Chromatogram: norephedrine 100g/l in MetOH; 5 µg injected





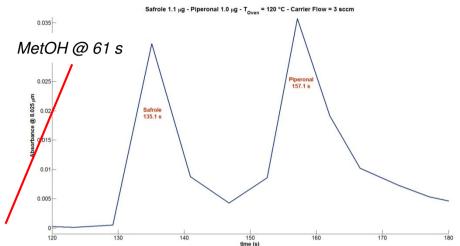
Absorption Spectra around 350 s; Reference Absorption Spectrum of Norephedrine in black (NIST)

Boiling Point of Norephedrine = 288 ℃
Analysis of low volatile chemicals is feasible



GC + HF-IRAS: precursors mixed in MetOH





Piperonal (-1,1 μg)

7.6

7.8

8.2

λ (μm) 8.4

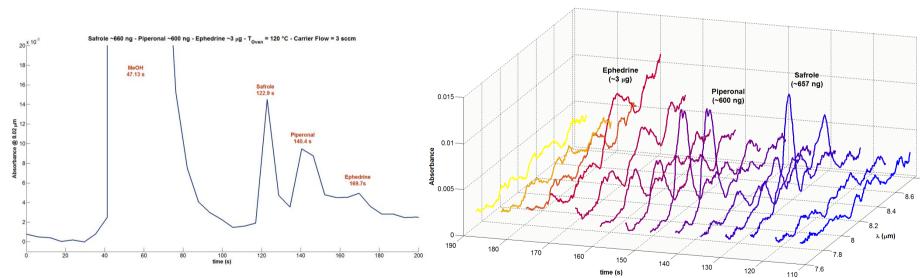
8.6

8.8

110 120 130 140 150 time (s)

Chromatogram: Safrole and Piperonal in MetOH

Time dependent Absorption Spectra



Chromatogram: Safrole, Piperonal and Ephedrine in MetOH



Next Steps



- ➤ Test illicit drugs (MA, ECSTASY);
- Test precursors and drugs in the presence of excipients and adulterants typical of street samples (lactose, caffeine, paracetamol...);
- > Optimize process parameters (T ramps, carrier flows..) and determine performance;
- > Review and finalize design parameters of the Column and the Hollow Fiber;
- > Fabricate and test μGC.